

# Mozambique – Maputo (Ages 13-15)

## Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

### FACT SHEET . . . . .



The Mozambique - Maputo GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Mozambique - Maputo could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Mozambique - Maputo GYTS was a school-based survey of students in 6-9 classe conducted in 2002. A two-stage cluster

sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Mozambique- Maputo. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 88.4%, and the overall response rate was 88.4%. A total of 912 students aged 13-15 participated in the Mozambique - Maputo GYTS.

### Prevalence

- 13.4% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boy = 19.8%, Girl = 7.8%)
- 8.2% currently use any tobacco product (Boy = 9.1%, Girl = 7.2%)
- 3.1% currently smoke cigarettes (Boy = 5.0%, Girl = 1.4%)
- 5.8% currently use other tobacco products (Boy = 5.4%, Girl = 6.0%)
- 28.1% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

### Knowledge and Attitudes

- 36.8% think boys and 31.2% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 36.1% think boys and 35.3% think girls who smoke look more attractive

### Environmental Tobacco Smoke

- 24.8% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 39.4% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 77.4% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 43.4% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 21.3% have one or more parents who smoke
- 1.5% have most or all friends who smoke

### Media and Advertising

- 77.2% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 73.3% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 59.2% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 13.5% have an object with a cigarette brand logo
- 6.0% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

### School

- 43.0% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 21.6% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 32.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

### Highlights

- More than 1 in 12 students currently use any form of tobacco; 3.1% currently smoke cigarettes; 5.8% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high – almost one-quarter of the students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Nearly 4 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; Over 2 in 10 have one or more parents who smoke.
- Over 4 in 10 students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Close to 8 in 10 students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- More than three-quarters of the students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; Over two-thirds of the students saw pro-cigarette ads in the past 30 days.